Appendix A School Community Council Operation

1.0 School Community Council Constitution Template

The following template is designed to h Community Council as it develops its co	1 0
Name:	School Community Council
Mission	
An organization's mission helps member "reason for being". A mission statement members, why an organization exists an in the future. Organizations regularly restatements to reflect their current circum mission statement Councils may wish to	describes, in the words of its ad what it hopes to achieve view and adapt their mission astances. In developing their
Why do we have a School CommuWhat does our School Community the next few years?	•
School Community Councils may wish of the purpose of School Community Cothis Handbook as they develop their mis Division may also provide the Council v	ouncils in Section 1.2.1 of ssion statement. The School
	(name of Council) Mission
Guiding Principles	
The guiding principles of an organization and provide direction for members of the	

day activities and relationships with others. These principles also help others know what to expect in their interactions with members of the

organization. In developing their guiding principles Councils may wish to ask themselves:

- What is most important to us as a group?
- What are the basic understandings that will help guide us in our interactions with each other and with others?

School Community Councils may wish to refer to the "School Community Councils Guiding Principles" outlined in Section 1.3.2 of this Handbook as they prepare their guiding principles. The School Division may also provide the Council with guidance in this area.

	(name of Council) Guiding	g Principles
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•		•
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Structure and Officers

The structure and the officers of an organization ideally provide support for the organization as it seeks to achieve its mission.

The number, role and responsibilities of officers are usually described in an organization's constitution. The Regulations state that a Council's officers are to be selected from among the elected Parent and Community Members, First Nations representatives and Student Members and will include at a minimum, a Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and Secretary (required officers).

In deciding on Council structure and officers Councils may wish to ask themselves:

- What will be included in the role and responsibilities of the "required" officers?
- Would our Council benefit from naming other officers? What will the role and responsibilities of these "other" officers include?

School Community Councils may wish to refer to Section 3.2.1 of this Handbook as they decide upon Council officers and their role and responsibilities. The School Division may also provide the Council with guidance in this area.

	(name of Council) Roles and
Responsibilities of Officers	_ `
Chairperson	
The Chairperson will:	
•	
•	
•	
The Vice-Chairperson will:	
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The Secretary will:	
•	
•	
Other Officers and their role and re-	sponsibilities:
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Schedule of Meetings

Recognizing that Councils are required to meet at least 5 times annually as well as hold an Annual Meeting, and keeping their mission in mind Councils may wish to ask themselves:

- How often during the school year will our Council meet?
- Will we hold special meetings? How will we decide if a special meeting is necessary?

•
(name of Council) Provision for Special Meetings
•
School Community Councils may wish to refer to Section 3.2.2 and 3.2.3 of this Handbook as they consider their Council structure and officers. The School Division may also provide Councils with guidance in this area.
Means of Public Consultation
Public consultation and communication is important for many organizations and is a key aspect of the vision for School Community Councils. If Councils are to fulfil their mandate they will need to consider carefully how they will consult with parents and community members. There are a number of options Councils may wish to employ such as; telephone surveys or printed questionnaires, personal interviews, public meetings and workshops.
Keeping their mission in mind Councils may wish to ask themselves:
• What areas of our mandate will require public consultation?
• What methods might we utilize in each of these areas to consult with parents and community members?
(name of Council) Means of Public
Consultation
•
•
•

School Community Councils may wish to refer to Appendix B, Section 1.1 for more information on methods of public consultation. The School Division may also provide Councils with guidance in this area.

Means of Public Communication

Most organizations have favoured methods of communicating with their public. Because of the nature of School Community Councils choosing effective means to communicate with parents and community is key to their success. Section 3.1.5.3, *Communication Planning and Strategies* of this Handbook outlines areas Councils may wish to consider when communicating with others. In deciding on what means they will utilize to communicate with parents and community Councils may wish to ask themselves:

- What areas of our operation may require regular communication with parents and community? How can we best accomplish this?
- What areas of our operation may require less frequent communication? How can we best accomplish this?

	(name of Council) Means of Public
Communication	
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•	
•	
•	

School Community Councils may wish to refer to Section 3.2.3 of this Handbook for more information on methods of communication with parents and community. The School Division may also provide Councils with guidance in this area.

Council Code of Conduct

An organization's code of conduct outlines expectations for its members and guides their behavior. A *Suggested practice for establishing a Code of Conduct is included in this Handbook* (Section 3.2.4). Keeping their mission in mind Councils may wish to ask themselves:

• What guidelines will foster positive, cooperative, studentfocused and forward-looking relationships among parents, the school and the community?

Code of Conduct School Community Council	
• Sensor community counter	
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•	
•	
•	
•	
Several examples of Council Codes of Conduct or Codes of Ethics are included in this Handbook. Please see Section 3.2.4 and Section 4.0 of Appendix A. The School Division may also provide Councils with guidance in this area.	
Decision-Making Processes	
Two commonly used decision-making models used by organizations are those of Majority Vote and Consensus. Depending on their mission many organizations use a combination of both. Providing a description of a Council's preferred decision-making model will help guide Council Members. The advantages and disadvantages of each model are described in Section 3.2.6 of this Handbook. Councils may wish to outline within their constitution under what circumstances each of the models might be utilized. Councils may wish to ask themselves:	
• In what cases might Council use the Majority Vote model of decision making?	
• In what instances might Council use the Consensus Building model of decision-making?	
School Community Council Decision-makin	
processes	
Type of decision - process employed	

	ss employed
	each decision-making model is included A, Section 5.0. The School Division may uidance in this area.
Complaints and Concerns Pa	rocedures
3 &	ccepted ways of dealing with complaints applaints/concerns procedures Council emselves:
1	ts/concerns does the School Community ity and responsibility to deal with?
	whole and individual Council Members
responsibilities of Counc	concerns related to the operation and cil?
responsibilities of Counc	=
responsibilities of Counc	eil?
responsibilities of Counc	Complaints and Concerns Procedures
responsibilities of Counc	Complaints and Concerns Procedures Council Authority/Responsibility ncil complaint/concern that falls under
Complaint/Concern Process for dealing with County	Complaints and Concerns Procedures Council Authority/Responsibility ncil complaint/concern that falls under
Complaint/Concern Process for dealing with County	Complaints and Concerns Procedures Council Authority/Responsibility ncil complaint/concern that falls under

Methods for Evaluation of Council Operations

By evaluating its operations an organization helps members focus on what will allow them to fulfill their mission, what they are doing well, and what they may improve upon. When considering what methods they wish to use to evaluate their operations Councils may wish to ask themselves:

- What formal methods do we wish to use to evaluate our day-today operations and determine if we are meeting our goals and achieving our mission?
- What more informal methods do we wish to use to evaluate our day-to-day operations and determine if we are meeting our goals and achieving our mission?

	(name of Council) Formal Evaluation
Methods	<u> </u>
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•	
·	
Methods	(name of Council) Informal Evaluation
•	
•	

For more information related to evaluating Council operations see Section 3.2.9, Chapter 4, and Appendix A, Section 7.0 of this Handbook. The School Division may also provide Councils with guidance in this area.